



**【兰州、张掖五彩、敦煌莫高窟、鸣沙山月牙泉、吐鲁番、天山天池】** 团号: CLUF updated on 12Mar19

# 购物安排 ▲ 不进购物站  
 # 车上推荐当地特产 # 自由选购, 绝不强迫购买 ▲ 当地干果: 红枣、纸皮核桃、雪菊、玫瑰花、精油等  
 # 特别赠送 ▲ 矿泉水每一每天壹瓶 ▲ 品尝新疆干果  
 # 当地特色餐食 ▲ 特别安排每天都有当地特色的风味(全程餐标 RMB50~100), 让您在观赏丝路美景的同时, 感受舌尖上美味的诱惑!

**自费项目: (随情况而更改项目)**  
 敦煌飞天歌舞秀 RMB200,  
 乌鲁木齐二道桥歌舞宴 RMB330  
 (含餐, 按照座位的不同价格不同)

**第 1 天 吉隆坡-兰州 航班时间: D7 398 1725-2220**  
 集合于国际机场, 搭乘至古丝绸之路上的重镇 - 兰州, 简称“兰”, 是甘肃省省会, 西部地区重要的中心城市之一。自汉至唐, 宋时期, 随着丝绸之路的开通, 出现了丝绸之路, 天马来往的盛况, 兰州逐渐成为丝绸之路重要的交通要道和商埠重镇, 联系西域少数民族的重要都会和纽带。酒店: 瑞岭国际酒店当地 4\*或同级

**第 2 天 兰州 (车程约 3H) -武威【鸠摩罗什寺】 (车程约 3.5H) 张掖 (早餐/午餐-沙米粉风味/晚餐-甘州大排风味)**  
**【鸠摩罗什寺】** 武威鸠摩罗什寺位于甘肃省武威市中心, 是四大翻译家之首鸠摩罗什祖师初入内地译经弘法演教之所, 姚秦时高僧云集, 慕罗什而驻足于此者, 络绎不绝。罗什寺历经沧桑, 多劫多难。殿宇僧舍无一幸存, 现仅存的罗什塔, 即罗什祖师圆寂荼毗后“薪灭形碎, 唯舌不坏”之舌舍利塔。虽风尘满面, 仍挺立如初。酒店: 张掖西遇国际当地 4\*或同级

**第 3 天 张掖【丹霞地貌五彩山含区间车】 (3H)-嘉峪关【嘉峪关城楼 (含电瓶车)】 (30 分钟) -酒泉 (早餐/午餐/晚餐-汽锅鸡风味)**  
**【五彩山含区间车】** 位于张掖市临泽县境内在方圆一百平方山地丘陵地带, 有造型奇特色彩斑斓, 气势磅礴的丹霞地貌, 丹霞是指红色砂砾岩经长期风化剥离和流水侵蚀, 形成的孤立的山峰和陡峭的奇奇怪石, 这里的丹霞地貌发育于距今约 200 万年的前侏罗纪。被专家誉为「张掖的窗棂状宫殿式丹霞地貌世界第一」。  
**【嘉峪关城楼含电瓶车】** 是明代万里长城的西端起点, 是明代长城沿线建造规模最为壮观, 保存程度最为完好的一座古代军事城堡, 是明朝及其后期各代, 长城沿线的重要军事要塞, 素有“中外巨防”、“河西第一隘口”之称。嘉峪关, 万里长城的西部终点。酒店: 酒泉宾馆当地 4\*或同级

**第 4 天 酒泉【泉湖公园】 (车程约 4.5H) -敦煌【鸣沙山含骑骆驼、月牙泉、沙洲夜市】 (早餐/午餐/晚餐-雪山驼掌风味)**  
**【泉湖公园】** 位于酒泉市东 2 公里处, 因园中有酒泉而得名, 已有两千多年的历史, 现为集古典园林、天然湖、文化游憩、趣味娱乐于一体的综合性公园。酒泉, 因传说泉中有金, 故又名“月泉”。  
**【鸣沙山含骑骆驼】** 像一条巨龙, 横卧在敦煌城南。山体由流沙堆积而成。它像金子一样灿烂, 绸缎一样柔软, 少女一样娴静, 凤凰一样美丽!  
**【月牙泉】** 古今奇观, 飞沙滩湮月牙泉, 历来水火不能相容, 沙漠清泉难以共存。但在鸣沙山中, 却能看到沙漠与清泉相伴为邻的奇景, 这就是天下沙漠第一泉一月牙泉。月牙泉内游鱼成群, 岸边绿草如茵。据传鱼称“铁背鱼”, 能医治疑难杂症; 草称“七星草”, 有催生壮阳作用。据说, 吃了鱼和草, 可以长生不老。因之, 月牙泉又称为“药泉”。  
**【沙洲夜市】** 沙洲夜市位于阳关东路, 是敦煌市最大的夜市。沙洲夜市越来越受到中外游客的青睐。每当夜幕降临, 华灯绽放的时候, 来自天南海北, 世界各地的游客逐渐汇聚到灯光迷离的夜市, 使这里变得异常热闹。酒店: 天湖酒店当地 4\*或同级

**第 5 天 敦煌【莫高窟+区间车、欣赏高清主题电影《千年敦煌》及球幕电影《梦幻佛宫》、体验实体洞窟】-柳园 (4 小时动车等座) -吐鲁番 (早餐/午餐/晚餐-水果宴或烤全羊风味)**  
**【莫高窟含区间车】** 又名“千佛洞”, 位于敦煌市东南 25 公里处、鸣沙山东麓的断崖上, 是我国三大石窟艺术宝库之一。洞窟始凿于前秦建元二年(西元 366 年), 后经历代增修, 今存洞窟 492 个, 壁画 45000 平方米彩塑雕像 2415 尊, 是我国现存石窟艺术宝库中规模最大、内容最丰富的山座。1987 年被联合国教科文组织列为世界文化遗产。莫高窟的艺术特点主要表现在建筑、塑像和壁画三者的有机结合上。  
**【吐鲁番】** 中国最低洼地, 因气候炎热, 素有火洲之称之吐鲁番盆地。酒店: 锦江都城当地 4\*或同级

**第 6 天 吐鲁番【火焰山、坎儿井、葡萄沟 (或苏公塔)、维吾尔家访】 (3H) 乌鲁木齐【国际大巴扎】 (早餐/午餐-大盘鸡风味/晚餐)**  
**【火焰山】** 乃六百多年前唐僧玄奘三藏法师前往印度, 路过此地请受佛经之处, 是描写西游记舞台之地。  
**【坎儿井】** 新疆地区特殊灌溉系统坎儿井, 利用地形, 无需动力, 即可吊水灌溉, 在吐鲁番就有坎儿井近千道, 堪与万里长城、京杭大运河并称中国古代三大工程。  
**【葡萄沟】** (请注意: 5-6 月出发的团队更换成苏公塔, 7-9 月出发团队安排葡萄沟) 新疆有一首民谣 (吐鲁番的葡萄、哈密瓜、库尔勒的香梨人人夸、叶城的石榴顶刮刮), 吐鲁番多葡萄、水果乃是此地的特色。(赠送: 维吾尔族家纺, 可以免费品尝各种干果+农家乐维吾尔族歌舞)  
**【国际大巴扎】** 乌鲁木齐市内的“国际大巴扎”是目前世界上最大的巴扎, 主要针对各地游客, 经营当地民族服装、手工地毯、工艺品等, 这里有维吾尔族商人开设的店铺、餐馆, 在街道的两侧还有各种民族特产出售。酒店: 美丽华酒店当地 5\*或同级

**第 7 天 乌鲁木齐 (单程 1.5H) -【天山天池 (含区间车+游船)】 -乌鲁木齐-兰州 (参考航班时间: 2000-2240) (早餐/午餐-雪莲炖鸡风味/晚餐)**  
**【天山天池】** 海拔 1980 公尺有「天山明珠」之称的天池, 传说为西王母娘娘居住之地, 天池海拔在 1980 米左右, 长约 3.4 公里, 最宽处为 1.5 公里, 最深处达 105 米。湖水清澈碧透, 周围云杉茂密, 背后是白雪皑皑的博格达峰, 湖光山色构成了天池迷人的高山景色。盛夏时分, 天池附近却很凉爽, 是避暑佳地。下午返回乌鲁木齐, 前往机场, 飞往兰州入住。酒店: 瑞岭国际酒店当地 5\*或同级

**第 8 天 兰州【兰州新区长城影视基地、黄河第一桥、水车园、黄河母亲像、甘肃省博物馆】-吉隆坡 航班时间: D7 399 2350-0445**

**第 9 天 吉隆坡 (早餐/午餐-兰州牛肉面风味/晚餐-黄河风情园庆功宴)**  
**【兰州新区长城影视基地】** 兰州新区丝绸之路文化遗产博览城项目的首期工程, 用“给我一天, 走遍千年; 给我一天, 走遍世界”的理念, 打造集影视城、动漫城、游艺乐园、综艺表演等内容为一体的大型文化旅游主题公园。  
**【黄河第一桥】** 又名黄河铁桥 (中山桥), 铁桥于光绪三十四年 (1908 年) 四月十日开工, 于次年七月初四日竣工。耗银三十万六千六百九十一两。历经百年沧桑, 见证了古城兰州发展与繁荣的「天下黄河第一桥 - 中山铁桥, 随着黄河兰州段一座座现代化桥梁的出现, 终于卸下了百年重担。如今的中山铁桥像一位走过漫长风雨历程的世纪老人, 向人们描绘着兰州的过去、现在和将来。  
**【黄河母亲塑像】** 其象征了哺育中华民族生生不息、不屈不挠的黄河母亲, 和快乐幸福、茁壮成长的华夏子孙。  
**【黄河水车园】** 水车历史悠久, 外形奇特, 起源于明朝, 是兰州市古代黄河沿岸最古老的提灌工具, 再现了水车这种古老的水利机械的价值。  
**【甘肃省博物馆】** (每逢周一闭馆) 是甘肃省规模较大的综合性博物馆, 该馆建于 1956 年, 建筑面积 2.1 万多平方米, 展览面积 1.3 万多平方米。享用早晚餐后, 续专车前往机场, 搭乘豪华客机回吉隆坡, 结束这充满回忆的探寻丝路之旅, 期待下次再。



**【LANZHOU/ZHANGYE/DUNHUANG/MINGSHA MOUNTAIN/TURPAN】**

T/C : CLUF updated on 12Mar19

**▲ NO SHOPPING**

- ▲ Recommended Local Snack & Dried Fruit: Red dates, Walnuts, Snow Chrysanthemums, Roses Flower, Essential Oils, etc
- ▲ Mineral Water ▲ Taste Xinjiang dried fruit
- ▲ Meals Cost (RMB50-100)

Optional Tour : (Subject to change)  
 Urumqi Erdaoqiao dance feast of RMB330  
 (meals, in accordance with the different prices of the seats);  
 Feitian cabarets show RMB280

**DAY01 KUALA LUMPUR - LANZHOU Flight detail: D7 398 1725-2220**

Assemble at Sepang Kuala Lumpur International Airport "2" for your flight to Lanzhou. Lanzhou is the capital city of northwest China's Gansu province. The Waterwheel Expo Garden and Yellow River Mother Sculpture are on the south bank of the Yellow River. The Gansu Provincial Museum displays artifacts from the area's Silk Road past. **Hotel: Ruiling international Local 4\* or similar**

**DAY02 LANZHOU(3Hrs) –WUWEI –ZHANGYE**

(Breakfast / Lunch – Meehoon Cuisine / Dinner - Ganzhou Cuisine)

**【Jiumo Luoshisi】** Jiumo Luoshisi. It has a history of more than 1600 years and this temple was built to commemorate the world's four major translators, Kumarajiva.

**Hotel: Zhangye Xiyu International Local 4\* or similar**

**DAY03 ZHANGYE (3Hrs) - JIAYUPASS (30 Min) -JIUQUAN**

(Breakfast / Lunch / Dinner - Steamed Chicken Cuisine)

**【Zhangye Danxia Landform】** (Include buggy) is known for the unusual colours of the rocks, which are smooth, sharp and several hundred meters tall. They are the result of deposits of sandstone and other minerals that occurred over 20 Million years.

**【The Jiayuguan Pass Great Wall】** (Include Buggy) : It was the end of the western end of the Great Wall of the Ming Dynasty.

**Hotel: Jiuquan Hotel Local 4\* or similar**

**DAY04 JIUQUAN (4.5Hrs) –DUNHAUNG**

(Breakfast / Lunch / Dinner- Snow Mountain Camel Palm Cuisine)

**【Jiuquan Park】** The Jiuquan park calls the spring lake park, located at Jiuquan east 2 kilometers place, because in the garden has Jiuquan to acquire fame, had more than 2000 years history, presently is a collection historic garden

**【Mingsha mountain+ Crescent Moon Spring】** (Includes Camel Ride + Electrical car): Have a wonderful camel-riding experience along the Mingsha mountain to the Crescent Moon Spring which is 6km south of Dun Huang, literally an oasis on the desert. The spring's name derives from the crescent moon shape taken by the small pool of spring water between two large sand dunes

**【Shazhou Market】** in Gansu is a good place to explore & to eat some local delicacy and snacks & buy some handicrafts.

**Hotel: Tianrun Hotel Local 4\* or similar**

**DAY05 DUNHUANG –LIUYUAN (4Hrs High Speed Railway) - TURPAN**

(Breakfast / Lunch / Dinner -Fruit Cuisine or Roaster Whole Lamb )

**【Mogao Caves】** (Include Buggy) : also known as the Thousand Buddha Grottoes or Caves of the Thousand Buddhas, form a system of 492 temples 25 km southeast of the center of Dunhuang, an oasis located at a religious and cultural crossroads on the Silk Road, in Gansu province.

**【Turpan】** also known as Turfan or Tulufan, is a prefecture-level city located in the east of Xinjiang, People's Republic of China.

**Hotel: Jingjiang Hotel Local 4\* or Similar**

**DAY06 TURPAN (3Hrs) - URUMQI**

(Breakfast / Lunch Chicken Cuisine / Dinner)

**【Flaming Mountain】** The legend story Journey to the west.

**【The Karez Well System】** is an important ancient irrigation system that is still used in Turpan, Xinjiang, in Northwest China. (Karez is the Uyghur word for 'well', from the Persian for 'channel'.) The tunnel system provides water for local people to drink as well as to water their crops. Locals dug wells and tunnels to transfer water from mountains miles away from their farmland

**【Grapes Valley】** Then proceed to and visit Grapes Valley. ( Uyghurs home visit + Dance Performance) Noted: May-Jun Grapes valley replace Sukong Pagoda.

**【International Bazaar Market】** The Xinjiang International Grand Bazaar also known as International Grand Bazaar Xinjiang is an Islamic bazaar in Ürümqi, Xinjiang, China. It is the largest bazaar in the world by scale, combining Islamic culture, architecture, ethnic commerce, tourism and entertainment. It is also one of the most famous landmarks in Ürümqi, and in Xinjiang.

**Hotel: Mirage Hotel Local 5\* or similar**

**DAY07 URUMQI- LANZHOU (Domestic Flight to be advise )**

(Breakfast / Lunch Xuelian Chicken Cuisine / Dinner)

**【Tianchi (Heavenly Lake)】** (Boat ride + Scenic Shuttle, subject to winter condition) Tour to foggy mountain paths of Tianchi. Tianchi is a hail lake at the northern foot of Bogda Peak , the main peak of the Bogda Mountain in the eastern part of the Tianshan Mountains . It is located 30 kilometers south of Fukang City, Changji Prefecture, Xinjiang , China , and 45 kilometers east of Urumqi , the provincial capital. It is a famous tourist attraction.

**Hotel :Ruiling Hotel Local 5\* or similar**

**DAY08 LANZHOU – KUALA LUMPUR Flight detail: D7 399 2350-0445**

(Breakfast / Lunch Lanzhou Noodle Cuisine / Dinner Huanghe Cuisine)

**DAY09 KUALA LUMPUR**

**【Lanzhou New District Great Wall Film and Television City】** currently has completed or completed the main project of the world's ancient civilization representative buildings and the Sphinx; the Islamic Museum; the Greek Temple; the typical historical buildings of the Chinese dynasties: Qingming Prayer Hall, Ming Dynasty Taihe The temple, the Tang Dynasty Daming Palace, the main entrance 80 meters water curtain promenade, the Republic of China Street, the East Gate Building, the tourist distribution center.

**【Zhongshan Bridge】** formerly known as Lanzhou Huanghe Iron Bridge, is located under the Baita Mountain in Chengguan District, Lanzhou City. The bridge was built in March of the 31st year of the Guangxu reign (1908) and was designed by the American Bridge Company.

**【The Yellow River Mother Sculpture stands】** It is the most beautiful sculpture in the country that represents the mother river of the Chinese nation, the Yellow River.

**【The Waterwheel】** The waterwheel is an ancient device that uses flowing or falling water to create power by means of a set of paddles mounted around a wheel. The force of the water moved the paddles, and the consequent rotation of the wheel is transmitted to machinery via the shaft of the wheel.

**【Gansu Provincial Museum】** (Monday closed) The Gansu Provincial Museum is a museum in Lanzhou, China. Its collections include over 350,000 artefacts, in two main sections: history and natural science. Since its foundation, the museum has held almost 300 exhibitions, and items from its collections have been exhibited worldwide. After dinner, transfer to the airport flight back to Kuala Lumpur to end the journey of the Silk Road.

Remarks: In the event of discrepancy between the Chinese and English tour itineraries, please refer to the Chinese itinerary.  
 Tour is conducted in Mandarin. A bilingual (Mandarin/English) guide will be provided upon request and is subject to confirmation.